

# Which Products Fall Under the CRA



# Introduction

1

“Products with digital elements” = hardware + software + connectivity.

2

CRA applies to both consumer and industrial products.

3

Security becomes a *legal requirement* for all connected products.

# Definition of “Products with Digital Elements”

1

## **IoT Devices**

smart TVs, home assistants, industrial sensors, connected cars.

2

## **Software**

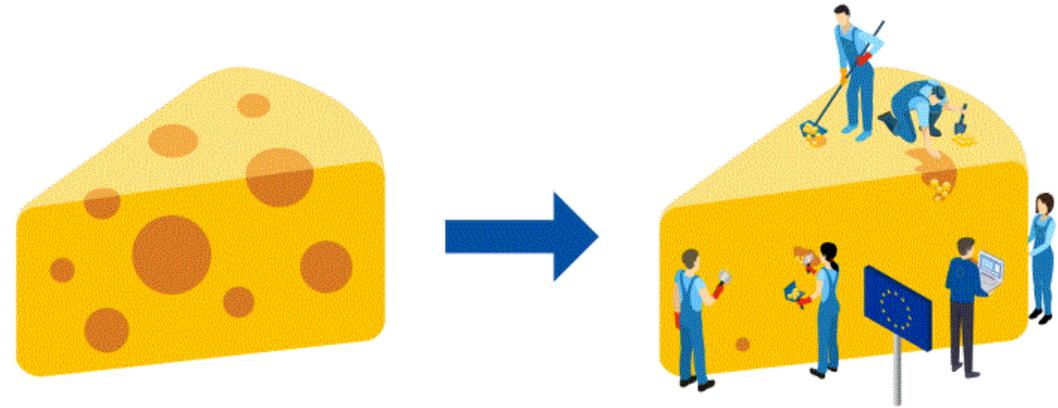
operating systems, antivirus, productivity tools, firmware, apps.

3

## **Embedded Hardware**

routers, PLCs, smart meters, medical devices.

# The EU's Mission: Filling the Security Gaps in Digital Products



# CRA Product Classification

- **Important products** (Annex III): general connected devices, business and consumer software.
- **Critical products** (Annex IV): high-impact items such as security software, network management systems, industrial control equipment.
- **Class I and II** for critical products, depending on risk and functionality.

# In scope: “*Products with Digital Elements*”

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**Hardware products** (*including components placed on the market*)  
– laptops, smart appliances, mobile phones, network equipment, CPUs



**Software products** (*including components placed on the market*)  
– operating systems, word processing, games or mobile apps, software libraries ...*including their remote data processing solutions!*

# Outside the Scope

## ✘ **Non-commercial products**

*(e.g. hobby or research devices not sold on the market)*

## ✘ **Services, in particular standalone SaaS**

*(websites, web-only tools — covered by NIS2 or DORA)*

## ✘ **Outright exclusions**

*(cars, medical devices, certified aeronautical and marine equipment)*

💡 *CRA applies only to “products with digital elements” placed on the market.*

# Real-World Examples

- A **smart thermostat** (IoT): needs security updates, vulnerability management, CE marking.
- A **mobile banking app** (software): must handle data securely and report vulnerabilities.
- A **connected medical device** (embedded hardware): must meet stricter requirements — likely a *critical product*.
- A **cloud-based network monitoring tool**: falls under both CRA and the EUCS (Cloud Services Scheme).

# Key Takeaways

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- CRA covers *any connected product* — IoT, software, embedded hardware.
- Two levels of control: *Important* and *Critical products*.
- Ensures *secure by design* principles.
- Builds consumer trust and supports the EU's *Digital Single Market*.

# Thank you!

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